# Introduction of low pressure test chamber

Simplewell technology Co., LTD

#### Products Advantages:

- 1. The humidity can be controlled at 25 KPa to atmospheric pressure.
- 2. Good uniformity of high and low temperature under low pressure (up to 1.2°C or even lower)
- 3. The humidity can be controlled stably when temperature at  $20^{\circ}$ C and low pressure, such as 70% humidity at 25 kpa, - $20^{\circ}$ C.
- 4. The pressure go up and down speed can be controlled linearly, any pressure point is stable.
- 5. The air pressure, temperature can rapid change at the same time, the real simulation of high-speed temperature change.
- 6. Comply with standards: RTCADO-160G: 2010 《Airborne Equipment Environmental Conditions and Test Procedures》 Chapter 24 icing
- 7. Comply with SIMPLEWELL Freeze test mode (low temperature low pressure high humidity ~ atmospheric pressure high temperature and humidity alternating test).

### Simplewell昇微



Address: Shuixin road 221, Dalang town, Dongguan city, China

Tel: 0769-88887909 Fax: 0769-88885229

Website: www.simplewell.com.cn

Email: sales06@simplewell.com.cn

#### Contents

- 01. Product Introduction
- **02.** Innovation Features
- 03. Progressiveness of technical indicators
- 04. Customer

01 Part

### Introduction

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Application)

Application of Low Pressure (Temperature & humidity)Test Chamber

- Application range: suitable for quality inspection and material screening of electronic, electrical, communication, instrument, vehicle, plastic products, metal, food, chemical, building materials, medical, aerospace ect. products.
- Used to determine the performance characteristics of airborne equipment, aircraft, spacecraft, unmanned aerial, etc. products that must working exposed to icing environments, such as constant temperature, altitude, and humidity, as well as rapid humidity changes.

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Appearance)



The front



Inner cabin



electricity box



Plug-in screen



picture of real products



Shelf

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Operation interface)



Function selection interface



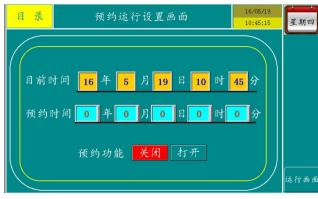
Run Setup Interface



Program Setup Interface



Fixed value running interface



Appointment run setting interface



Curve interface

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Electronic control system components)



Control screen



Overtemperature protector



Flame retardant wire



RS232-C joints

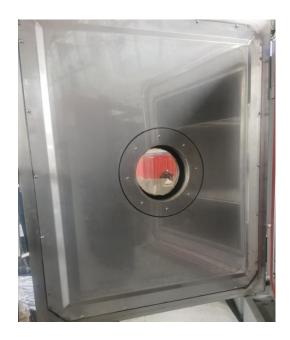


Mitsubishi PLC



Schneider electric leakage switch

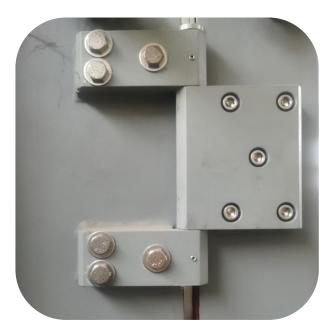
#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Pressure bearing system)



Door of chamber



Pressure chamber body



Door of chamber hinge

The equipment adopts external pressure structure and adopts custom heavy-duty door hinge design.

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (circulation system)



Magnetic motor



Germany Leible vacuum pump



Wind wheel



Vacuum filter

Using the internationally famous vacuum pump and customized magnetic motor; using sealed terminal design, to ensure that the customer sample can be powered on under low pressure, greatly improve the air tightness of the chamber

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Humidification system)



Humidification tube



Humidity sensor



Humidification water tank



Electric ball valve

Adopting Vaisala electronic humidity sensors that ensure the humidity detection under low pressure.

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Heating system)



Heating tube



Temperature sensor



Gas switch



Solid state relay

The temperature sensor is adopted the international famous brands, and the heating system adopts rainbow gas switch and CARLO Solid-state relay for multiple protection.

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Refrigeration system)



BITZER Compressor



Heron Palace, Casto solenoid valve



Danfoss oil separator



plate heat exchanger

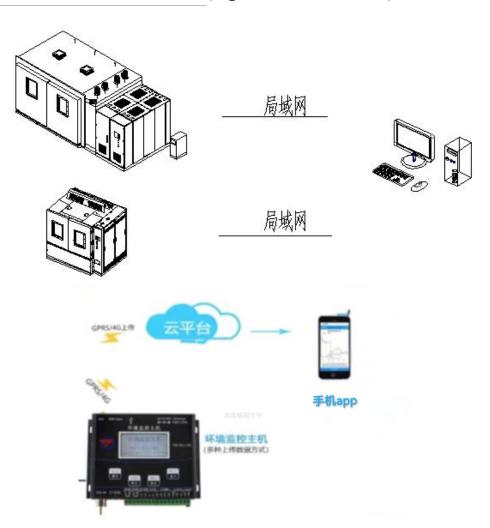


Condensator



Danfoss expansion valve

#### 1.1 Product Introduction (Optional function )



#### Remote monitoring

Features

The operation of the device can be monitored from a browser on the PC that connected through the LAN.

Through the LAN connection device and PC, only need to set the IP address, no special software or driver.

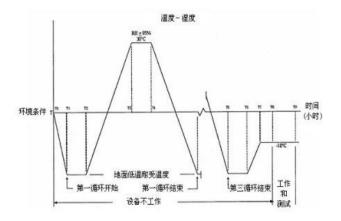
#### 1.2 Product Introduction (Standards)

Low pressure test chamber comply with the standards (Includes, but is not limited to ):

- GB-T2423.25-2008
- GB-T2423.26-2008
- GJB150.2-2009
- GJB150.2A-2009RTCADO-160G: 2010
- RTCADO-160G: 2010
- GJB360B 2009
- GJB548B-2005
- GB/T2423.21-2008
- GB/T4857.13-2005

#### 1.2 Product Introduction (Standards)

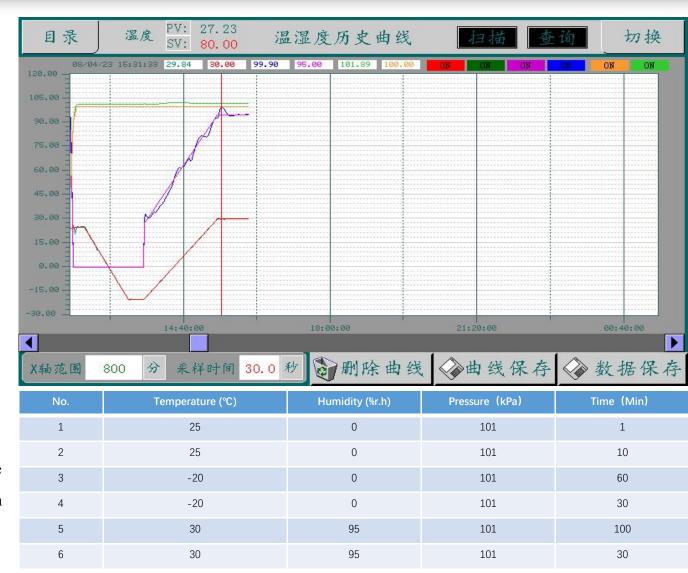
#### Class A icing test curve



54

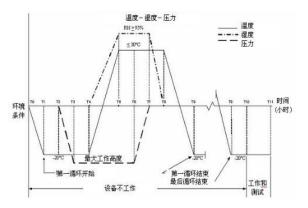
- 1. 除非另有规定,温度和湿度变化速率可任选
- 2 T1 到 T2 和 T5 到 T6 为设备温度达到稳定的时间
- 3 T2到T3和T4到T5应接实际可能尽快实成
- 4. T3 到 T4 为设备表面温度达到 5℃的时间
- 5. T7 到 T8 为设备表面温度达到-10℃的时间

Class A test: This kind of test is used for the equipment installed outside the aircraft or uncontrolled temperature area. The equipment installed in the cold temperature and then encounters the humid air with the temperature above the freezing point, which can form ice or frost.



#### 1.2 Product Introduction (Standards)

#### Class B icing test curve



注:

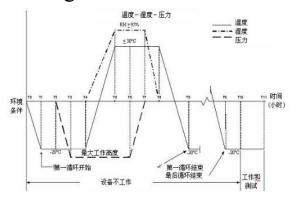
- 1. 除非另有规定,温度、湿度和压力变化速率可任选
- 2. T1 到 T2 和 T9 到 T10 为设备温度达到稳定的时间
- 3. T3 到 T4 最小为 10min
- 4. T4 到 T5 温度变化速率最大为 3℃/min
- 5. T5 到 T6 是冰和霜融化的最少时间
- 6. T5 到 T8 试验箱应不超过 30℃
- 7. T6 到 T7 为 15~30min

Class B tests: Such tests apply to equipment with moving parts whose activity may be affected or hindered by ice formation or by damage to their structural and functional parts due to forces caused by ice expansion. The ice formed inside and outside of the device is formed by condensation, freezing, melting, and (or) refreezing, and the ice may gradually accumulate in water or ice inside the unsealed housing.



### 1.3 Other low temperature and pressure and humidity curve

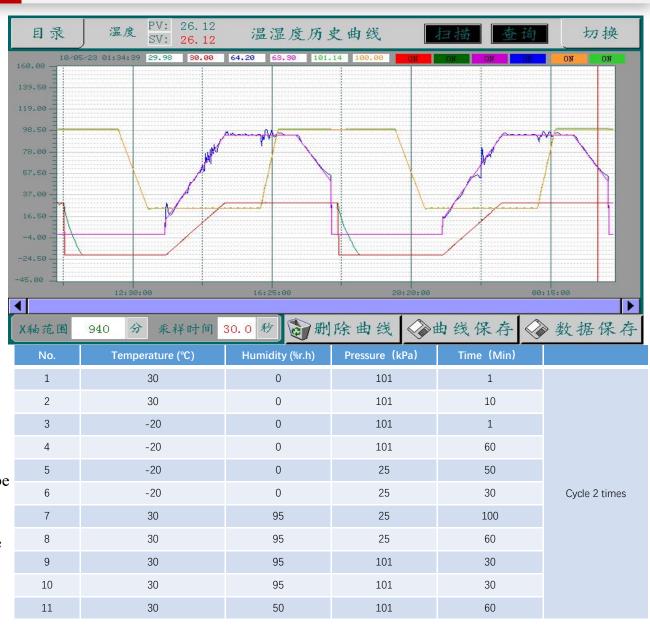
#### Class B icing test curve



注:

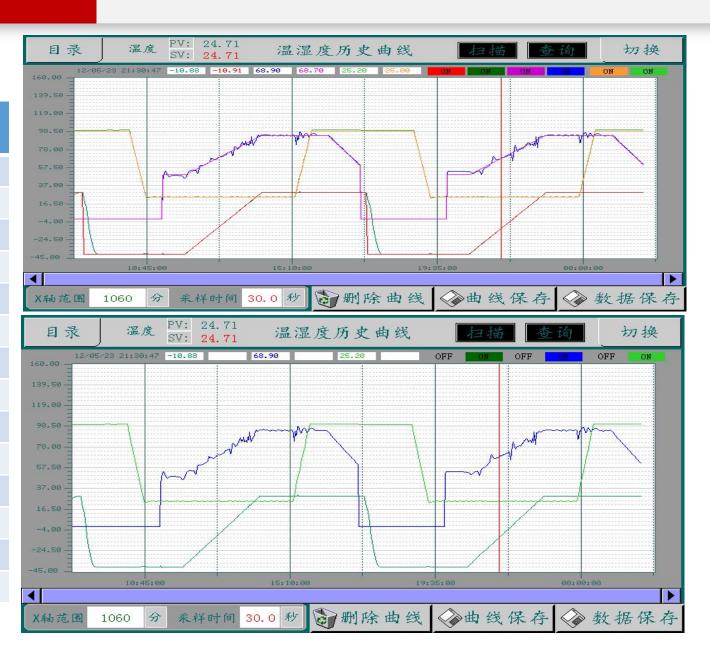
- 1. 除非另有规定,温度、湿度和压力变化速率可任选
- 2. T1 到 T2 和 T9 到 T10 为设备温度达到稳定的时间
- 3. T3 到 T4 最小为 10min
- 4. T4 到 T5 温度变化速率最大为 3℃/min
- 5. T5 到 T6 是冰和霜融化的最少时间
- 6. T5 到 T8 试验箱应不超过 30℃
- 7. T6 到 T7 为 15~30min

Class B tests: Such tests apply to equipment with moving parts whose activity may be affected or hindered by ice formation or by damage to their structural and functional parts due to forces caused by ice expansion. The ice formed inside and outside of the device is formed by condensation, freezing, melting, and (or) refreezing, and the ice may gradually accumulate in water or ice inside the unsealed housing.

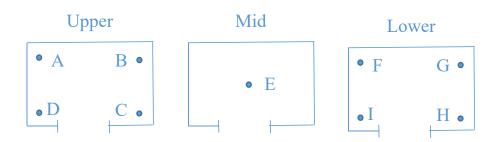


#### 1.3 Other testing parameters (SIMPLEWELL)

No.	Temperature (°C)	Humidity (%r.h)	Pressure (kPa)	Time (Min)
1	30	0	101	1
2	30	0	101	10
3	-40	0	101	1
4	-40	0	101	60
5	-40	0	25	50
6	-40	0	25	30
7	-40	50	25	1
8	-40	50	25	40
9	30	95	25	140
10	30	95	25	60
11	30	95	101	30
12	30	95	101	30
13	30	60	101	60
		Cycle 2 times		



#### 1.3 Simplewell measured curve



Distribution map of test points

Cabin pressure	Temperatu re display value(℃)	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	Evenness degree
20K Pa	-15	-13.88	-14.21	-13.89	-14.00	-13.95	-14.07	-13.95	-14.07	-13.84	0.33
ZUN Pa	80	79.64	80.01	79.54	80.33	79.99	79.89	79.84	79.46	79.26	1.07
10K Pa	-10	-10.00	-9.86	-10.59	-10.54	-9.78	-9.65	-9.99	-10.03	-10.75	1.10
TOK Pa	-40	-40.32	-40.21	-39.85	-40.49	-39.58	-40.58	-39.65	-40.55	-39.69	1.00









Simplewell measured pictures



1. Pipeline welding process: the high quality copper pipe nitrogen protection welding method is adopted, to avoid the damage to the compressor caused by the traditional welding method in the oxide impurities into the refrigeration system.

Introduction



4. Noise control: The condenser is equipped with low speed and high air volume condensing fan (German MAR), and a wave type sound-absorbing sponge is installed around the refrigeration unit to achieve a lower noise effect.





- 2. Shock: vibration damping spring and soft rubber cushion be installed at the bottom of the compressor and pipe.
- 3. Pipe protection: the refrigeration system pipeline increases the antivibration hose and C-type elbow to avoid the copper pipe rupture caused by vibration and temperature changes.



5. Check the temperature of the power distribution cabinet when the equipment is running.

#### Simulated road vibration testing



6. Vibration testing on components such as refrigeration evaporators before installation



7. Vibration testing on small equipment before shipment

*4	lewell 临港均胜AF 品名	图号	数量	是否 折弯	切削	从从柳	日期	折弯	确认人	REV:00	版金商认	确认人	日期
1	照明灯内框	302	1	不折	/	eigh	24/4	V	物物图	11-15	1/	34丰本	11.27
2	照明灯罩	303	81	Bi.	1/	Ash	7)1	V	Brear (E)	25-11	V	HARE	11-21
3	泄压口外壳	304	1	Þí	1	133h	2/1	1/	30016	11.35	1	2++···································	
4	淮压口内板	305	1	不折	V	in site	13/1	L	3mm to		V	2424	1122
5	淮压口导风条	306-1	12	#F	V.	Lins 42	Ash.	V	暴力機		V	计数	11.27
6		306-2	10	折	1	12.3	14/2	V	300		1	24x # 1	11-27
7	玻璃外框	307-1	- 1	折	U	Marke	12/10	V	3,00	2411	V	343	
8		307-2	4	#i	J	white	7/n	V	Ser 13	11.25	V	344	11-27
9	玻璃內框	308	1	不折	V	1323		V	Fre 12	165	V	批教	11.27
10	屏幕盒子	309	1	初	1	10 2 Az	23/6	1	Be Co	1635	V	74t \$3	11-27
11	屏幕盒子固定板	310	2	¥i	1	-01125	13/10	U	3 will	11.25	V	3432	11.27
12	地槽封板	312-1	4	不折	1	Jugar		V	3 est	11.25	V	胜转	1 1/27
13		312-2	4	折	1	Wh	13/14	V	300 B	11-75	V	741.7	4/1.27
14	传感器罩子	315	1	折	V	Asin		V	30世間	1125	1	7413	友 11、27
15	回风挡板	401	3	Bi	1	4/274	2 54/n	V	看田田	11:25	V	343	
16	回风挡板2	402	3	折	1	1/1/50	24,	V	inch	1020	SV	347	
17	回风挡板骨架横1	403	1	Ði	V	Melle	2 2 yn	V	3 46		5 /	3-44 4	
18	回风挡板骨架横2	404	- 1	折	1	111521	1×1	V	A+13	11.25		3H.2	11/2
19	回风挡板骨架模2	405	1	折	1	434	13/1	V	700			144	11-24
20	回风挡板骨架竖1	406	2	折	1	10/50		V	Bro C			BHZ	
21	回风档板骨架整2	407	2	折	J	10114	2 3/1	V	TO HE	100	1	344.3	到11-2

21.97	max as and	15.4.3	Course scan	东莞市升微机电设备科技有限公司 ***5\u00da23e316	Rev: 00	,
图版.	名称	版本	地形人	1. JV-1000 106. 510. 846所収用支生 E2508 (81) . 518 (82) . 315 (05)	安型期 写人	日期
2148	AR-WIHSY-	10	主主	36A AOb 409 414. a)5 420 304 607 702 705 707 711		
超立将单	MR-M MINSTE	00	主言节.	714 .716 .720 .723 (01)		3.29
版全简单		00	防虫岛	The state of the s		
(1.281%)		10	# 15.T.			
中央統領		00	浸浅			
软件			1			
936系统图		00	王成 4	721 (44)		
高度數		0.0	2012			
AN2		-	-	4/\		
冷冻恐怖		01	级		-	
水料器				7,57,78		
水路边梯			/	V 374%	_	
水、气料图		/				
c. Name	/					
它把纸盘排车	/					
CIMM MIN CI	/				-	
, 此果在生	产过程中填写,连	26 H H 2	产部交给	[日期: 2023-1-19] 文物畫章, 文整董章升日編, 打攝門文控保存, 张庆档编辑从表一起交品摄保保存。		

	DEMAN AS WILL DURANT AS	-witav-	philip car	RRAI 3	Eugla.	
7 9	# 10 地域的AY . IT # 11 Swarms	加一的	第一個 以人	第二的	第二曲以入	(1.88)
1	准备对应的関係配色标准、确认表无误	0	老明祖	0	MARKE	1240
2	准备作业归所用的对应工具、材料及零件【知粒尺、 色板、扫把、垃圾桶、台车、保护联】	0	*mak	0	KOVASA	124
3	操作人员必须佩工作服、劳保鞋	0	a will	0	Korak	124
4	校查徐尼颜色符合标准	0	Single.	0	Ligarelle	129
5	检查涂层表面均匀无露底、堆积缺陷	0	March	0	WAR	124
6	检查表面沙拉每平方米少于 5 个不连接	0	Marile	D	山可格路	124
7	检查可视而无核皮	0	A - 1	0	杨俊从	12-3
8	检查可视而无水印	0	Shall	0	invest	124
9	检查涂层厚度符合国家标准	0	<b>建</b> 爾()	0	何格果	129
10	检查表面无瑕疵	6	Esper	0	斯维	14
11	检查数量与设计要求一致	0	-Kan At	0	4 THAN	129
12	符合格的零部件级查在指定位置。标识误题型号。订 基号通知第二确认人进行第二路认和软序工作。	0	tings	0	16134	124
13	清理、清扫于沙工作场地, 工具、材料复位 取成效 点绘。		3,194	0	何础	124
	<ul> <li>(株) 大川南瓜 大川南北 大州南北 土 南</li></ul>	並以入地	L开联员人的 出水×补压符	0	14.0	

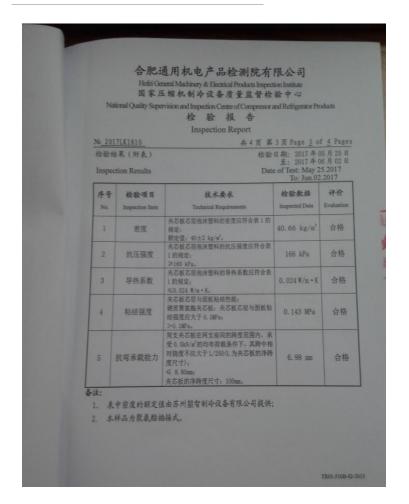
	本户版達力股 1789.5W2022	1122	284k T./	的背人	王台	٩
7.0	ri ti	22 - 03	第一略 以人	TO	第二時以入	日都
	设备还输通道大门是否符合设备安装要求。	0	Tak	0	孙鱼	2.7
2	设备的放置场地是否符合设备安装发 求。	0	Sala	0	をおき	2.7
3	设备运输楼梯是否符合设备安装要求。	0	3mp	0	33,0	27
4	设备的安牧场地楼层是否符合设备安装 要求。	0	Salt.	0	The	27
5	户外机组安装空间位置是否符合设备安 装要求。	0	/	0	社	2.7
6	电、水、气路是否符合设备安装要求。	0	Saga	0	335	3.7
7	现场外部空气是否干净并浓速。	0	Supr	0	前在	2-7
8	现场环境能否满足开机、背景采样条件。	0	Sings	0	1 九年	2-7
9	部裝費用由投可(打0)负责还是由客 户(打X)负责。	0	1	0	3.为点	27
10	是否已阅读"规格书、合同、管理评审 表"	0	34th	0	<b>建</b> 轨	27
11	零器件的材料是否齐全,有无划伤。E	0	Sups	0	37,6	27

	4 0 W		22 [44] [3.0]		434	البا
	一品名称 直接 19 一品田川。					
	要求	部队	並一備 以人	第二階以	形二桥 以人	E) (8)
	是否已阅读"规格书,合同、管理评 审表"	0	孝知	0	4418	1230
2	图纸资料,电器原理图,版本号有效, 项目号正确。	0	林	0	va .	12-30
3	检查阻抗中线材的线径是否足够, 材 质是否符合, 端于是否够大线材质量。	P	弘	0	I SUE	12.30
-	电器电路板喷涂质量合格。孔位、外 形尺寸正确	0	15	0	学级	12.34
	电器及仪表组件说明书齐全	p	李九	0	1200	230
	电器及仪表合格证及计量报告齐全	0	李杰	0	Hs. H	12/19
Y	普通高温液件采用硅胶线, 线径足够	0	意志	0	Fin	11.50
8	特殊高温线采用不锈钢线, 不锈钢线 端子, 线径足够判断电源大小。	D	Ato	0	夏峡	12.30
9	连接线保护会耐温是否够	0	本本	0	3年5月英	1230
10	连接线穿过金属壁时,是否振动会明 场线,是否有助护	P	李杰	D	ESH.	1230
11	电器安装后与全局研制商是否修大。 不能有知路技速可能。	p	\$15	0	95W	1230
12	致標、线槽盖板切口平整用剪刀去除 毛侧、用于走线的缺口光锋利锡齿。 倡定螺丝均用 84×8 大头螺钉	0	拉	D	粉件	(2,30
13.	各元器件还线给子用定车圈无控动。	0	杭	0	岩が展	12/0
11	配电盘各元基件固定率到。	0	\$4	0	東少皮	12.34
lā:	线路版色正确	0	美瓜	D	多少生	430
	因态推电器与款热器间均匀涂上导热 转数。并且固定率因。固态健电器型号	0	動	0	1941	12430

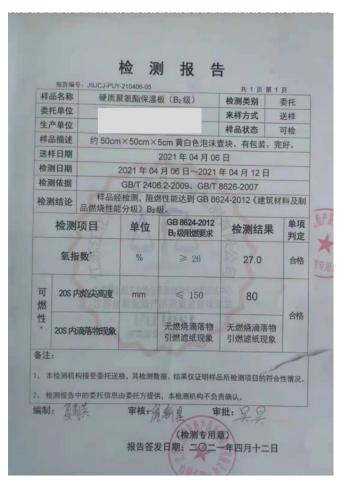
产品名		明日、AB-N745・		i .
序号	目录	商认	确认人	日第
1	饭金底座确认表	0	7K##Y	11.7
2	饭金机组架焊接确认表	0	34.432	11.3
3	电装配电盘确认表	0	45	12 1
4	电装整机接线确认表	0	16.	33
5	冷冻机组保压确认表	0	14804	2.9
6	冷冻配管及焊接确认表	0	y ar	128
7	冷冻装配确认表	0	2215	201
8	步入室调试报告		719	+ +
9	包装确认表	0	₩ Q m 75	3.14
10	外购库房确认表	0	761	207
11	风道确认表	0	1X 1 1V	11.76
12	水箱组件确认表	-	300	1
13	水箱水路安装确认表			
14	电控箱焊接确认表	12	込オコン	11,30
15	电秒算点装臵认表	0	347.	2.9

1000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	作及が らい)・ 名名ーい	7 技術认表 7 10~120 7 120~40	工序曲	RA. KW	3
内容	第一	第一	第二	第二機以人	E A
是否已阅读"规格书、合同、管理评审表"	0	moto	2	为中华	2
根据装配图所示,先用或当物社销售。原作 E冲冻装配区域内所装售道必须保护半直、整 F、美观、压缩机出气要由依至高,减少油出 版單机,压缩机吸气口由真至低利于油回到低 编制。	0	ans	U.	344	+2
斯配管必须要不能項其他元件的維修及方 E连接点的焊接。	0	2009	0	科	19
地派口封口保持平整光清不得有毛刺,口经 9正好能装于领纳子为准。封口为管经的1— 2倍。扩口前要在所执行部位退火处理。并 1上冷冻迫上紧不躺。	2	3413	0	<b>美型</b> 等2	9
、所有元件及钢管位置要有固定症来固定。 森 以 成 成 成 成 成 成 成 成 成 成 成 成 成	0	2-12	0	多如外	29
意发器回气管必须从最低位出, 割向下布置 详述。或者蒸发器由口做一个最低处值液等。 年高及器低于压缩机运气管必须要有一个	v	298	U	神	9

8. Production process confirmation: after the equipment starts production, the person in charge shall carefully fill in the confirmation form for each process, timely correct the problems in the production process, trace back to the source, optimize the production process, improve the production efficiency, and ensure the quality of each equipment produced.



			检验报告 Inspection Report		
	7LK181			M Page 4 o	
	某(用 tion Re			期: 2017年6 重: 2017年6 of Test: May 2 To: Jun.02	6月02 5.2017
序号	检查	<b>·項目</b>	技术要求	检验数据	评价
No.	Inspec	tion Item	Technical Requirements	Inspected Data	Evaluation
		长度	聚鉱脂植物式夹石板尺寸分析见表3。	1 ms	合格
6	尺寸	党技	校度公差: ±3mm 完度公差: ±2mm 厚度公差: ±1mm	0 m	合格
	公差	厚度		0 mm	合格
		对角线	对角线公装: ±4mm.	1 mm	合格
7	外观	质量	央乙板表面应干整,不应有明显的划作、础 模皮性流飞边等缺陷。表面动序, 色厚均匀。 无数痕、油污等。	央乙板表面平 整。 无明显的 知伤、输输及及 应该飞动等缺 施。表面治净。 色释均匀。无 胶痕、油污等。	



9. The flame retardant plate is adopted, the pictures show the performance test report of the flame retardant, compressive strength and bending bearing capacity of the plate.









10. Using the flame retardant wire, the pictures are the wire flame retardant certification certificate.

**02**Part

### **Innovation Features**

#### 2.1 Simplewell product innovation characteristics



Measured Figure 1-Simplewell



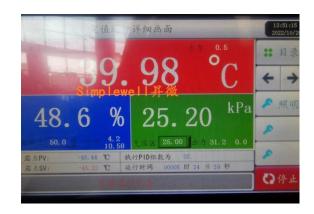
Measured Figure 3-Simplewell



Measured Figure 5-Simplewell



Measured Figure 2-Simplewell



Measured Figure 4-Simplewell

03 Part

Progressiveness of technical indicators

#### 3.1 Progressiveness of technical indicators

- Independently developed controller.
- The I humidity can be controlled at 25 KPa to atmospheric pressure.
- The inner wall temperature is controlled separately, so the radiation temperature uniformity under the low pressure is good.
- The humidity can be controlled stably when temperature at 20°C and low pressure, such as 70% humidity at 25 kpa, -20°C.

**Features** 

- The pressure go up and down speed can be controlled linearly.
- Any air pressure point is stable.
- The air pressure, temperature can rapid change at the same time, the real simulation of high-speed temperature change.

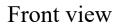
04 Part

### Customer

#### 4 Case

Simplewell can customized the appearance according to the customer's requirements







Side view

### Simplewell昇微

## Thank you

Simplewell technology Co., LTD







合作



坚持



荣誉



Address: Shuixin road 221, Dalang town, Dongguan city, China

Tel: 0769-88887909 Fax: 0769-88885229

Website: www.simplewell.com.cn

Email: sales06@simplewell.com.cn